Maternal Health in Slum Colonies of Kochi, Kerala

Priyanka Idicula & Amy Davies Birth for Change

Dr Allison Wren
HWDI





City Sanitation Plan, 2011





- Access to toilets
- Drainage network
- Water supply
- Waste water management
- Solid waste management
- Governance issues
- Financial sustainability



Survival Strategies of Women Slum Dwellers in Kerala

Dr Gladis Mary John, 2012-2014 for the Cochin Corporation

Major Conclusions

- 1. Pop = 603,597, 32% in 280 slum colonies, study involved 4 of these.
- 2. 50% of women work, no formal education facilities available.
- 3. 90% poor families lack drainage, some 4hrs water per day.
- 4. 40% have chronic health problems, no mental health available.
- 5. Lack of knowledge of health, welfare rights, no continued programmes.
- 6. Excessive use of alcohol and drugs, 60% victims of come.



Project Design Participatory Impact Assessment

Blind randomised case control trials

Evidence ++++++
Use -

Randomised case control trials

Evidence +++++
Use +

Randomised Survey

Evidence +++
Use +

Selected Interviews

Evidence +
Use +++

Anecdote

Evidence -Use +++ SYSTEMATIC PIA Evidence ++++ Use +







Project Design Phased Approach

Phase 1

Baseline survey, randomised first 100 women, aged 18-60, from 82 households in 2 slum colonies, Udaya and PMT. Answers analysed by: surveygizmo.com COMPLETED.

Phase 2

6 Monthly education sessions aspects of maternal health and effects of diet, smoking +drug use. An impart question asked at the beginning and end of each session, use of incentives. COMPLETED.

Phase 3

2nd door-to-door questionnaire after 2-3 months to test for longer term reflection, behavioral changes, use of a contraceptives group.
WILL BEGIN SOON.



Phase 1 - baseline survey Family Background

SNAPSHOT

98% Moved to slum

Family size 1-3 children

28% Illiteracy

84% Some education

83% Had been pregnant

96% Born in hospital

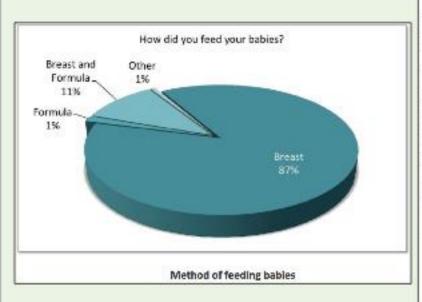
(62% - Government

33% - Private)

32% By caesarean section

28% Had a miscarriage

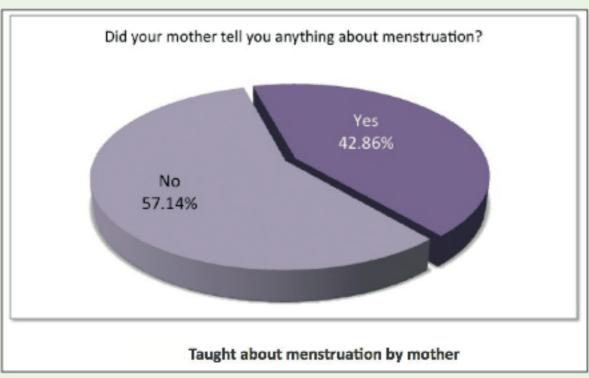
	Number of responses	% Responses	% Respondents	
Normal birth	103	68.21%		
Instrumental- <u>ventouse</u> /forceps	0	0.00%		
Caesarean section	45	31.79%	93.75%	
Total births	151	100%		
Total responses question	75			
Did not answer question	5	**********	6.25%	
Total	80		100,00%	

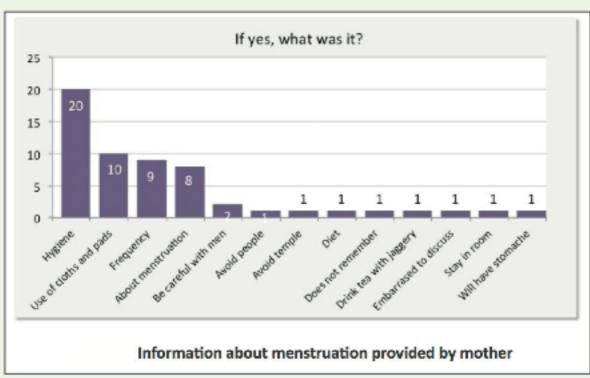


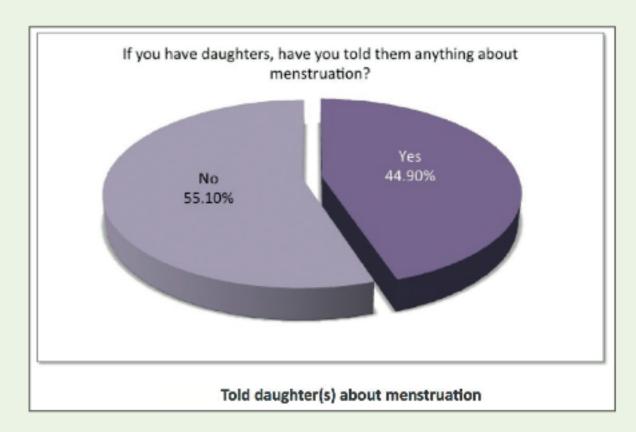
Reason	Number of re- sponses	% Responses	% Respondents
Continuing education	9	10.71%	
Not sent to school	2	2.38%	
Not interested in studying	9	10.71%	
Failed Grade/Degree	7	8.33%	
Parents(s) Alcoholic	3	3.57%	67.00%
Death of parent(s)	3	3.57%	
Ill health of parents	4	4.76%	
Personal Illness	2	2.38%	
Financial difficulties	22	26.19%	
Household responsibilities	7	8.33%	
Marriage	3	3.57%	
Pregnancy	1	1.19%	
Started Work	3	3.57%	
Other	9	10.71%	
Total reasons	84	100%	
Total responses question	n/		
Did not answer question	33		33.00%
Total	100		100.00%
why did	you stop going	to school?	



Phase 1 - baseline survey Menstruation - 1

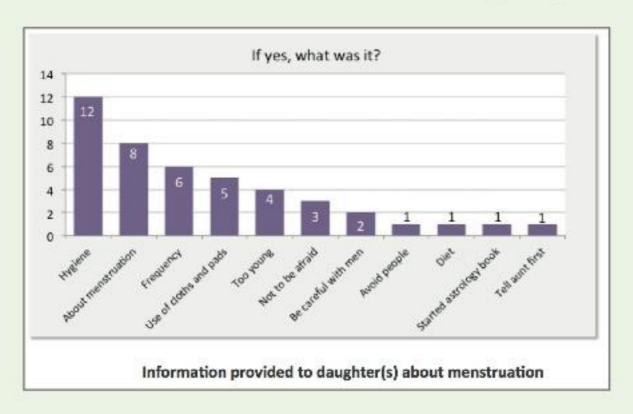


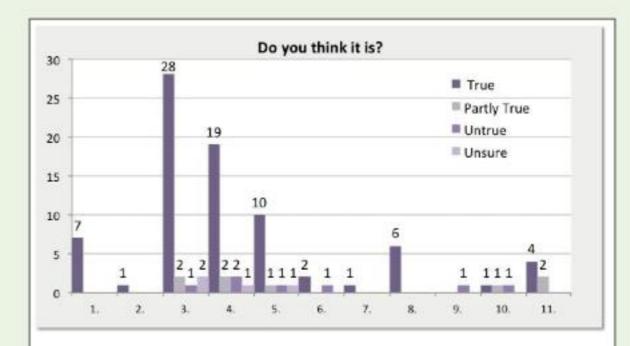






Phase 1 - baseline survey Menstruation - 2





- 1. Oil bath/bath daily
- 2. No Meat for 7 days
- No touching religious items (lamps, pictures, books, clothes)
- 4. No going to temple, mosque, church
- No touching or separate items (kitchen, plates, glasses, food)
- 6. Stay outside of the house or in a separate room during period
- 7. No need to fast during Ramadan
- 8. Cleanliness and management of periods (burning old cloths etc)
- 9. Celebration when period started
- 10. No sex
- 11. Stay in house during period

Traditions and beliefs about menstruation



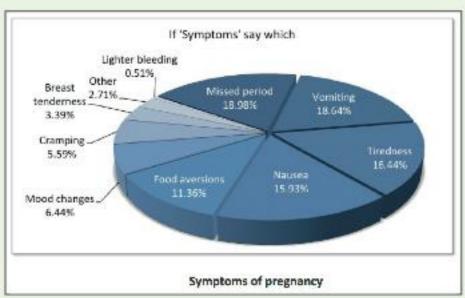
Phase 1 - baseline survey Contraception + Pregnancy

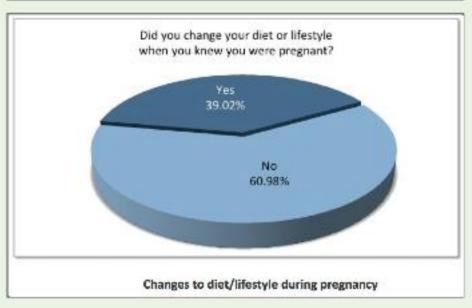
82.2% Were aware of some form of contraception... BUT 84% used NO contraception.

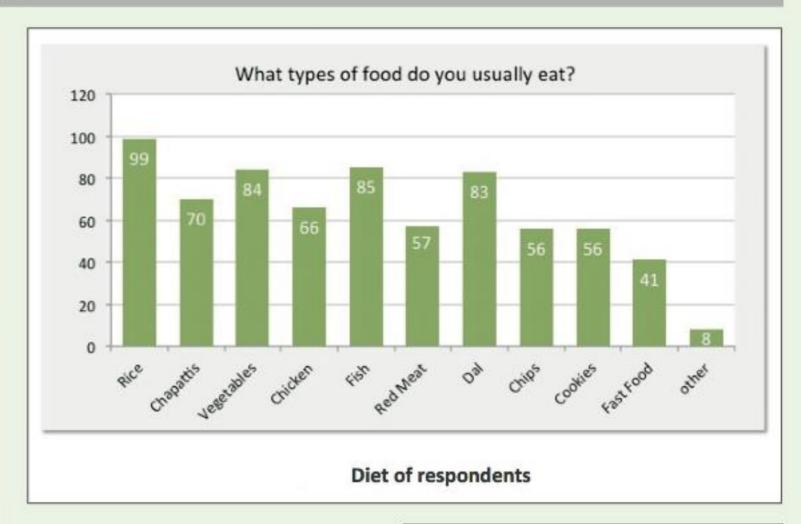
2.8% Reported staying active during pregnancy

28% Back for more rest or total rest

48% Had some education about diet









Phase 1 - baseline survey Income and Expenditure

SNAPSHOT

51.5% Had a job

55% Reported husband working

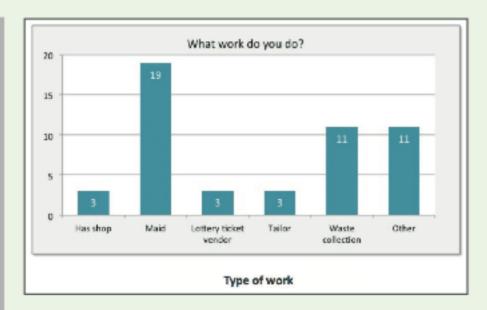
Monthly income between \$15 - \$314 (most \$78 - \$118)

"Other" expenditure included

50% Utilities

26% Private education

20% Medical bills



Expenditure	Number of responses	% Responses	% Respondents		
Food	93	26.04%	96.00%		
Rent	26	8.33%			
Alcohol	24	2.08%			
Smoking	30	0.00%			
Transport	33	1.04%			
Clothing	48	1.04%			
Loans	63	29.17%			
Other	42	32.29%			
Total types of expenditure	359	100.00%			
Total responses	96				
Did not answer question	4		4.00%		
Total	100		100.00%		
What is the item that you spend the greatest amount of your income on?					



Phase 1 - baseline survey Conclusions





Diet
Smoking/Alcohol Use
Private Education
Breast Feeding

Knowledge of Menstruation and Pregnancy
Birth Practices
Divisions between
Men and Women
Social Taboos
Income Stagnation



Phase 2 - Health Clinic and 6 Monthly Classes with before/after impact questions

CLASSES x ACTIVITIES = FINDINGS

Menstruation
Diet
Alcohol/Smoking
Pregnancy
Childcare
Birth Practices

Films
Posters
Games
Quizzes
Cyclebeads
Meals
Fe/Ca supplements
Trip to beach

Initial enthusiasm

Dwindling attendance and interest

Competition

Slum"Wars"

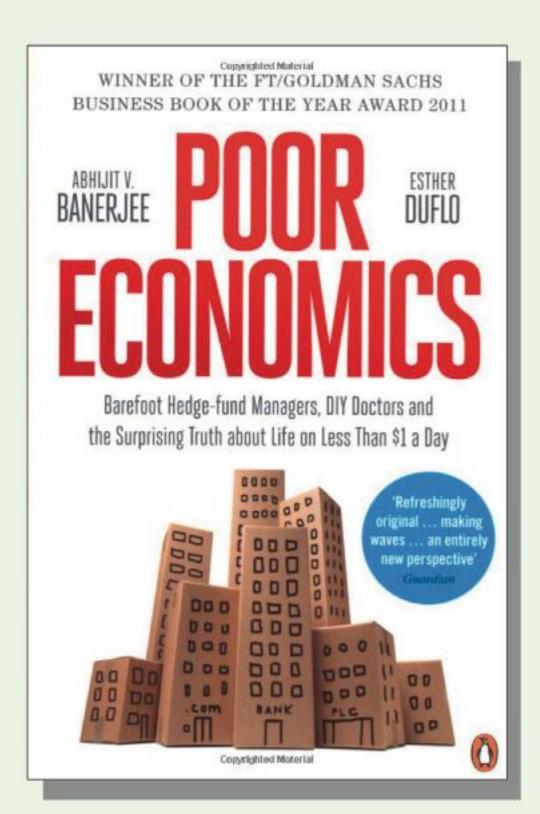
Analysis of impact questions underway

Adaptations - focus on menstruation/pregnancy outreach to rural areas



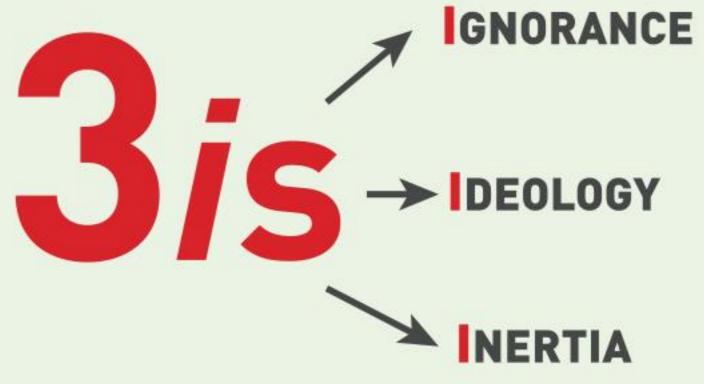


Phases 1 + 2 - Interim Conclusions



"POOR ECONOMICS"

Abhijit Banerjee and Esther Duflo 2011, Penguin Books





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HARDIE WREN DEVELOPMENT INITIATIVES



VISION

This new UK-based NGO seeks to support pilot projects and a world where everyone has a basic science literacy, bringing greater confidence and empowerment to help solve day to day problems, and understand the technical underpinnings of our lives to bring about social change for the better.

MISSION

HWDI believes that there must be a fundamental rethinking of how individuals and communities learn. To bring about wider and deeper information landscapes for all it will work across sectors to establish innovative partnerships between traditional and nontraditional players to address the interdependent challenges of combating ignorance.



HWDI are delighted to announce our ISLA 2017 winner

Dr Susan Nasif Obeid of Chazar and her Virology Comics

Please visit our ECIL poster to see examples of the comics and how we might all use them to increase Science Literacy.

