Outcomes and Challenges of Offering an Information Literacy Compulsory Undergraduate Credit Course: A Mexican Case

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Topics

- 1. CETYS University Information Culture
- 2. How course content evolved
- 3. Course implementation
- 4. Evaluation of course facilitation
- 5. Learning outcome

Introduction

- Information literacy lecturers are scarce in Mexico
- IL challenges at high school level and at university
- PISA: Mexican students received 423 points versus
 OECD 493 points
- CETYS University Information Culture goal
- Action: Creation of Management of information course

How course content evolved

- Undergraduate program: 20% of courses contribute to general skills development
- Management of information (MI) 8 credit course:
 4 hours per week for first year students
- Course thematic components:

Information society and culture

IL Mexican standards: Eight core IL competencies How to conduct information search

Bibliographic resources management

Course implementation

- Academic decision and course implementation was in a short period
- Administrative challenge: Faculty recruitment
- All selected lecturers had a Master's Degree and two had Ph.Ds.
- All attended an introduction to the course and received teaching materials of UV IL course
- Enrollment, 361 students: 17 groups
- Lecturers met during the semester to share experiences

Evaluation of course facilitation

Three Research Techniques

- Questionnaire for students. 27 closed questions and 3 openended questions
- Lecturer discussion group: attended by 7 out of 9 lecturers -Tijuana campus
- Analysis of student papers: Endof-term MI paper; and last high school semester paper

Lecturer discussion group: Four kick off questions

- 1. How did you feel during the facilitation of the course? What did you feel go right and what did not?
- 2. How did you feel about training for MI teaching? What would you suggest for other new lecturers?
- 3. What are the skills required to facilitate the MI course?
- 4. What syllabus improvements did you identify?

Results Lecturer Discussion Group

- **Welcome the course:** Adoption of the course was a proper decision and was beneficial to students
- **Achievement:** Good learning level
- Benefits: Most students improved IL skills
- **Concern:** Skills learned in MI are likely to be lost if they are not practiced
- **Syllabus complexity:** Took more effort than expected to understand syllabus structure

- **Training**: Team work: training was not enough to grasp the scope of the course
- **Discipline:** Difficult to focus on disciplinespecific student needs
- **Opportunity to seize**: Capitalize on rich variety of info-resources across USA border
- Limited knowledge construction: Students tended to make the least learning effort to reach course objectives

Student Learning Outcome: Information Competencies Evaluation

Table. High School Versus Undergraduate Papers (52 students with both papers)

Paper indicators fulfillment Value 10% Each	High School 52 papers = 100%	Undergraduate 52 papers = 100%
1. Table of contents	37%	40%
2. Structure: Introduction, discussion and conclusion	69%	96%
3. Writing composition (Argument)	54%	81%
4. Citations	46%	98%
5. Paraphrasing	69%	100%
6. Academic information sources	35%	81%
7. Information sources in other languages	29%	67%
8. References – Style	63%	100%
9. Use of advanced word processing	12%	21%
10. Use of graphics and tables	16%	28%
Average	43% papers	71% papers

Conclusions

- Overall course outcome was highly positive
- Course program may need to be adjusted
- Lecturer profile needs to be more specifically defined
- Teaching MI team of nine Tijuana lecturers had uneven IL qualifications

- Lecturers were unaware of their own IL skills limitations and were generally satisfied with their facilitation performance
- Better lecturer training is needed
- Further studies are needed to assess factors in regard to library role and lecturers' IL skills impact
- Study results will be forwarded to the university authorities for potential IL course improvement

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